



THE SIGNIFICANCE AND PRACTICAL IMPORTANCE OF METHANE GAS ABSORBENTS

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Abstract: In modern industrial, transport, and energy infrastructures, the use of high-pressure gases is steadily increasing. One of the fundamental issues in such systems is ensuring reliable, safe, and effective pressure regulation. Within this framework, the deployment of chemically active, structurally robust, and highly efficient functional materials - known as methanogels - has gained notable scientific and practical attention. In recent years, methanogels have emerged as advanced materials with broad potential across diverse fields, including bioengineering, medicine, energy technology, and environmental protection. This article provides a comprehensive overview of contemporary research on methanogels, examines recent progress in their synthesis, and outlines key prospects for their practical implementation.

Keywords: Metanogel, bioengineering, ecology, energy, industry, structure, pressure, chemical stability, thermodynamics, thermal stability.

Introduction: High-pressure gases stored in cylinders pose serious risks to human health, the environment, and technological equipment. To mitigate these risks and ensure system control, pressure-reducing agents - particularly those based on chemical principles such as metanogels - are employed. Metanogels are characterized by their molecular architecture, physicochemical stability, and thermodynamic properties. These materials facilitate gradual and controlled pressure reduction in high-pressure environments, making them a focal point in recent scientific investigations.

Synthesizing metanogels under laboratory conditions, examining their structural and physicochemical properties, and evaluating their practical viability are key scientific objectives. By exploring their structure, thermal resistance, and pressure-reducing mechanisms, it becomes possible to develop both theoretical and practical approaches. The application of metanogels contributes to the improvement of pressure regulators, the development of safer gas cylinder systems, and the enhancement of technological process reliability.





Nanoscale Modifications: Refining the nanostructure of metanogels to enhance their physicochemical properties.

Smart Materials: Development of metanogels responsive to environmental stimuli such as temperature, pressure, or pH.

This study focuses on the synthesis of metanogels for the purpose of pressure reduction in gas cylinders and investigates their structural and functional characteristics. The significance of this research stems from the limited studies conducted in this area within Uzbekistan. Existing pressure-regulating technologies are predominantly mechanical in nature and fail to meet modern technological standards. In contrast, chemical approaches-particularly the use of metanogels-enable more accurate, reliable, and stable pressure regulation.

Research Objectives: The primary objective of this research is to synthesize metanogels intended for reducing pressure in gas cylinders, examine their physicochemical properties, and assess their practical applicability. Research tasks

- To investigate the general challenges associated with pressure regulation in gas cylinder systems;
- To determine the chemical structure and synthesis methods of metanogels;
- To synthesize metanogels under laboratory conditions and analyze their properties;
- To scientifically justify the pressure-reduction mechanisms associated with the synthesized metanogels;
- To evaluate the practical potential of technological solutions based on metanogels.

Object of the Research: The compressed gas system in cylinders and the technology for synthesizing pressure-regulating metanogels.

Subject of the Research: The physicochemical properties of metanogels, their synthesis conditions, and effectiveness in pressure regulation.

Research Methods: The study employs experimental chemistry techniques, physicochemical analysis, theoretical modeling, and practical testing methodologies.

Scientific Novelty: An innovative method for synthesizing pressure-regulating metanogels is proposed. A comprehensive analysis of their properties is conducted. New theoretical and experimental findings with potential practical applications are obtained.

Practical Significance: The outcomes of this research facilitate the development of safe, efficient, and environmentally friendly pressure management systems for gas cylinders. The implementation of metanogels in real industrial settings enhances the reliability of technological processes.

Application and industrial relevance: Based on modern scientific achievements, metanogels are widely utilized in various sectors including pharmaceuticals,





environmental protection, industry, energy, chemistry, and manufacturing. In environmental applications, they serve as filters that absorb pollutants in water purification systems. In the industrial and energy sectors, metanogels are used in the production of supercapacitors, batteries, and ion-exchange membranes. They are also applied in water treatment, waste neutralization, and filtration technologies, thereby contributing to environmental sustainability.

Conclusion

Metanogels are among the most advanced materials driving revolutionary changes in various scientific domains. Their biocompatibility, chemical stability, and physical versatility position them as key contributors to future advancements in pharmaceuticals, ecology, medicine, and energy. Consequently, scientific inquiry into these materials is rapidly intensifying. Metanogel materials play a pivotal role in the advancement of contemporary science and offer considerable potential for diverse applications due to their unique physicochemical properties. They represent a valuable resource in the development of new technologies and the resolution of environmental challenges. Additionally, metanogels are foundational in the creation of artificial tissues and biocompatible materials, offering new prospects in nanotechnology, biomimetics, and medical innovation.

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